

Caring For Your New Lawn

Watering: Grass seed needs water. Begin watering immediately. Keep the mulch moist until the grass shoots appear. Avoid puddle formation and erosion. After shoots appear and until grass blades are three inches tall, water once daily. In very hot weather, you may need to water twice a day. When the tallest grass blades are four inches tall, they are ready for the first mowing. After the first mowing, water every three to five days. To prevent root rot, allow enough time between watering to allow the soil surface to dry. Increase watering in hot weather and decrease during periods of heavy rainfall. Grass will respond best to slow, gentle watering where the water has a chance to soak in well to a depth of about three inches.

Mowing: The lawn is ready for its first mowing when the tallest shoots are four inches tall. It is normal at this time that the height of the shoots will vary from one to four inches. Discontinue watering one day prior to mowing to allow the soil surface to dry and stabilize. As with a mature lawn, no more than one third of the grass blade should be cut off. To avoid damage to the lawn, keep your mower blade sharp.

Fertilizing: A balanced fertilizer is applied at the time of hydro-seeding, but an ongoing fertilizing program is essential to produce a lush lawn. Your lawn will stay healthy and green when it receives a steady supply of nutrients. More numerous light applications of fertilizer are better than fewer, heavy applications, and will produce more consistent grass color and rate of growth.

Commercial fertilizers are labeled with a three number code, such as 18-12-16. The first number is the percentage of **nitrogen**; the second number is the percentage of **phosphorus**; the third number is the percentage of **potassium**. Generally speaking, nitrogen stimulates blade growth and color, phosphorous promotes root development, and potassium affects the plant's general vitality.

Apply fertilizer after the first signs of “yellowing” of the new grass or approximately **four weeks** after the hydro-seeding. The first time, use a “starter” fertilizer or one that has balanced nutrients such as 15-15-15 to assure plenty of phosphorous for root growth.

We recommend that you never use “weed and feed” fertilizers. If any weeds appear, pull them by hand or “spot spray” each weed individually if necessary. A healthy, growing lawn will minimize weed and moss problems and make them much easier to control.

** All of our services are guaranteed for workmanship, materials and quality. (Exclusions: torrential rains, droughts, acts of nature which are beyond our control, and lack of proper maintenance by customer. This guarantee will be granted at our discretion.)